



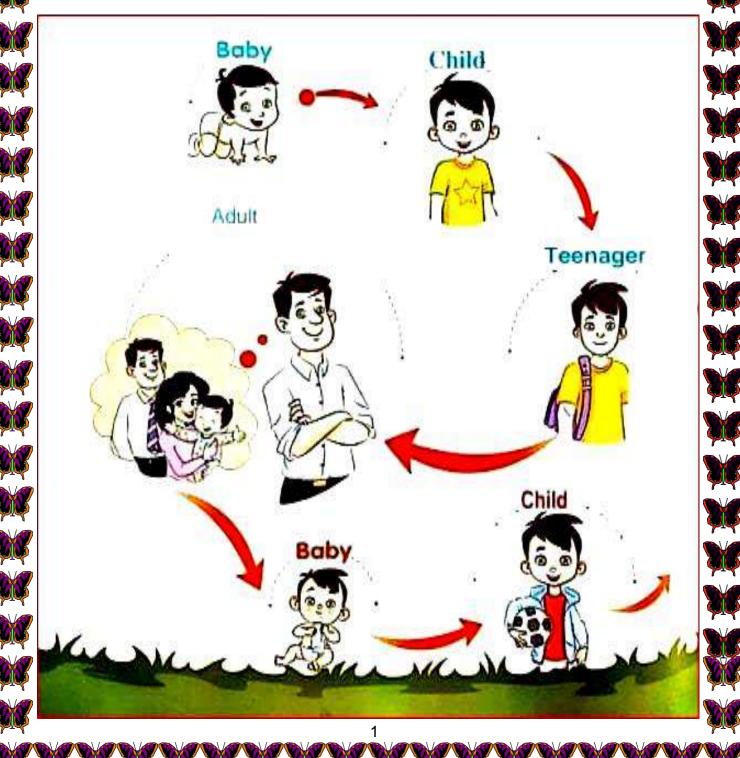


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GEEL 2000 LANGAUGE SCHOOLS

LESSON (1)

<u>Human life cycle</u>







X

X

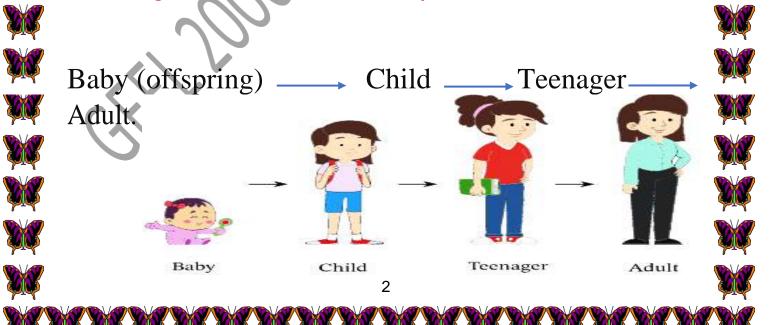
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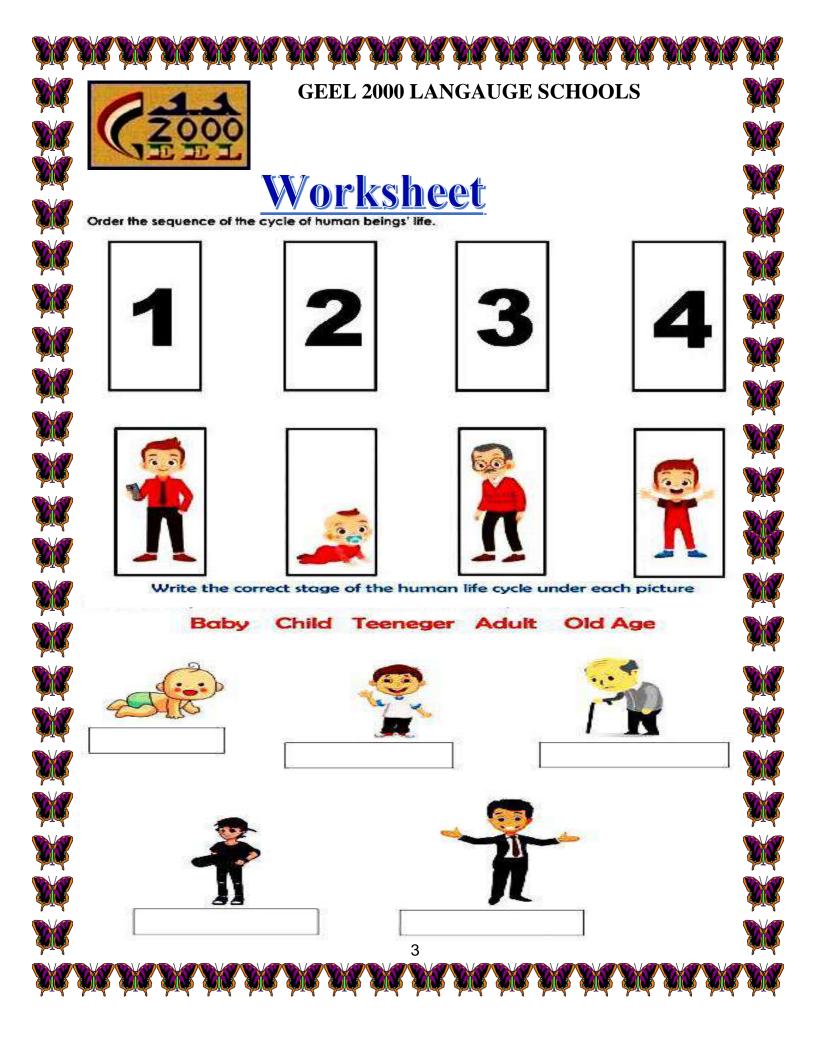
We change as we grow.





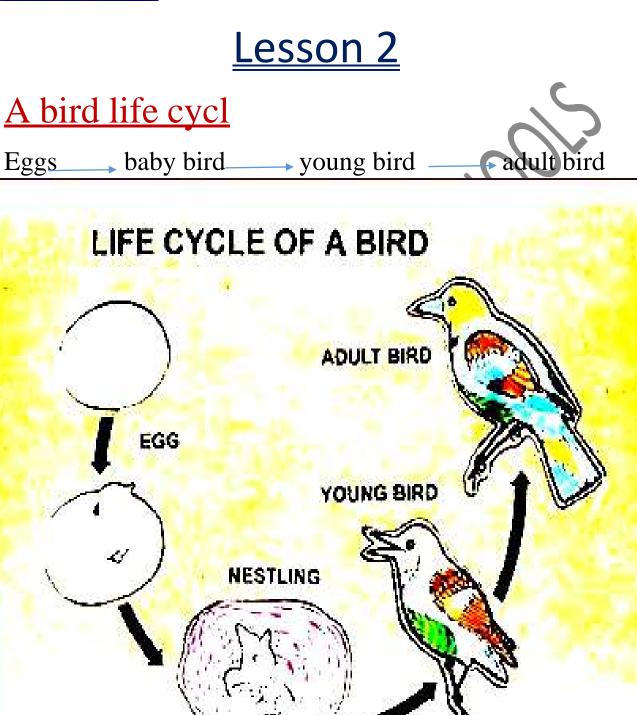
The stages of the human life cycle



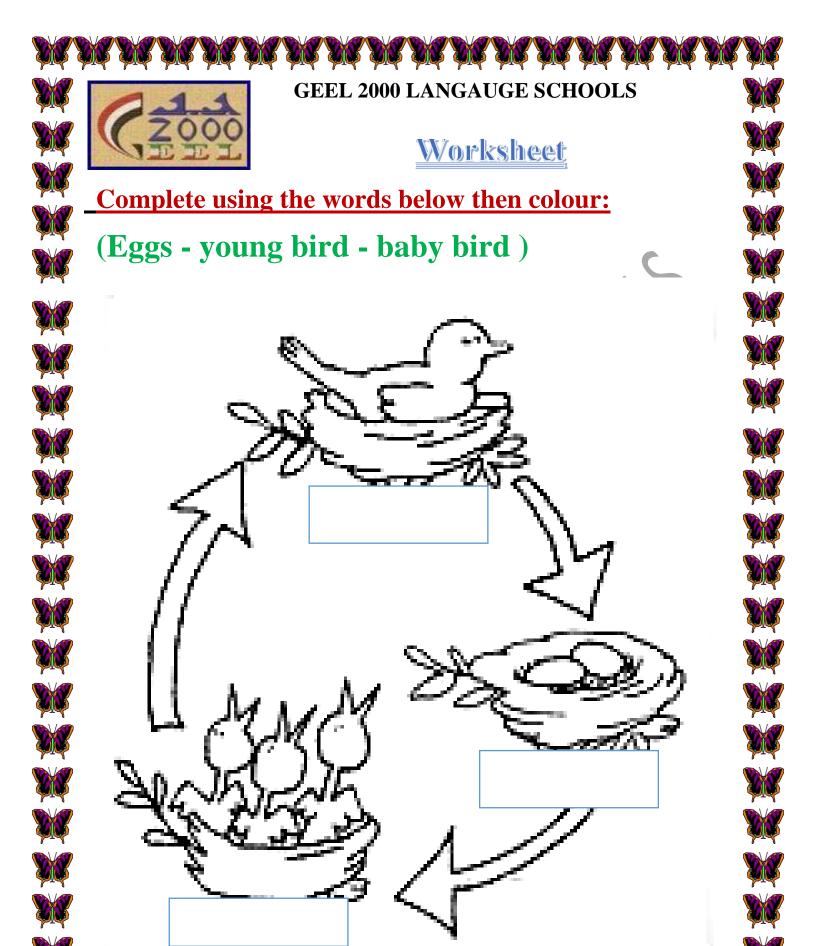












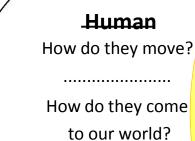


<u>Worksheet</u>

Comparing life cycles

Complete the Venn diagram using the words below:

<u>Parents – grow – walk – fly - lay eggs - by birth</u>



<u>Both of them</u>

How do they change from babies to adults?

Who cares about them?

.....

.....

birds

How do they move?

How do they come to our world?

.....









Lesson (4)

The body parts of animals which help them to get food

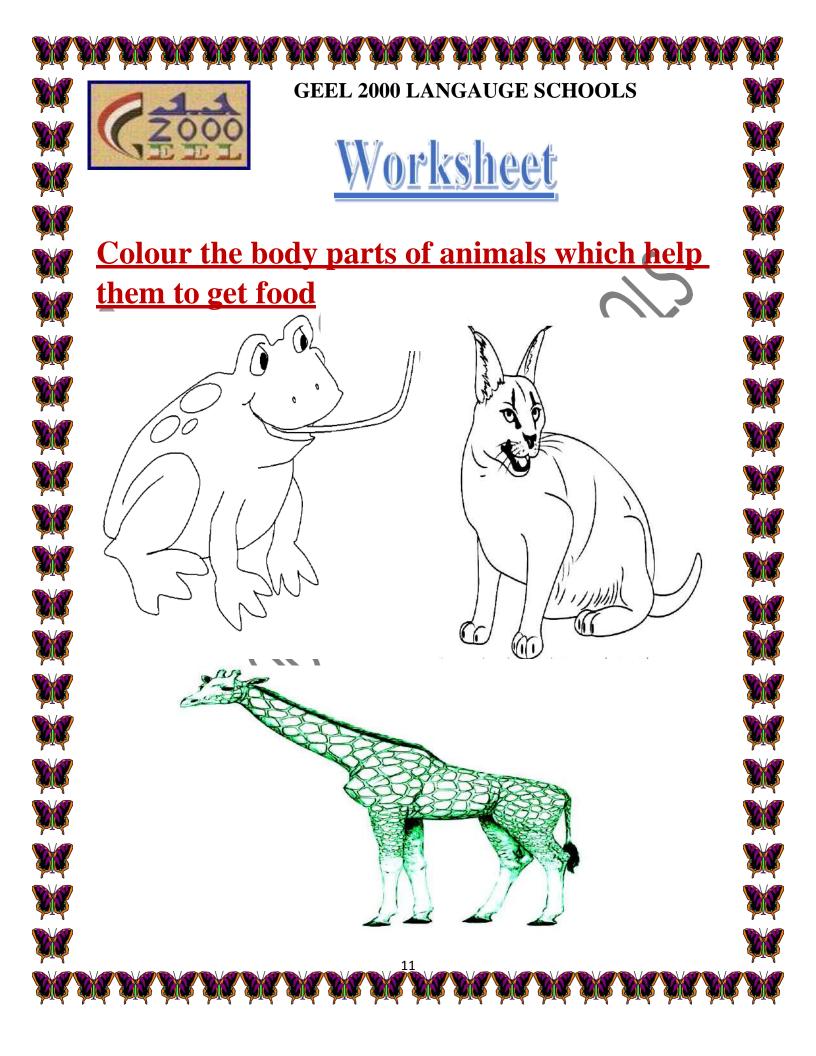


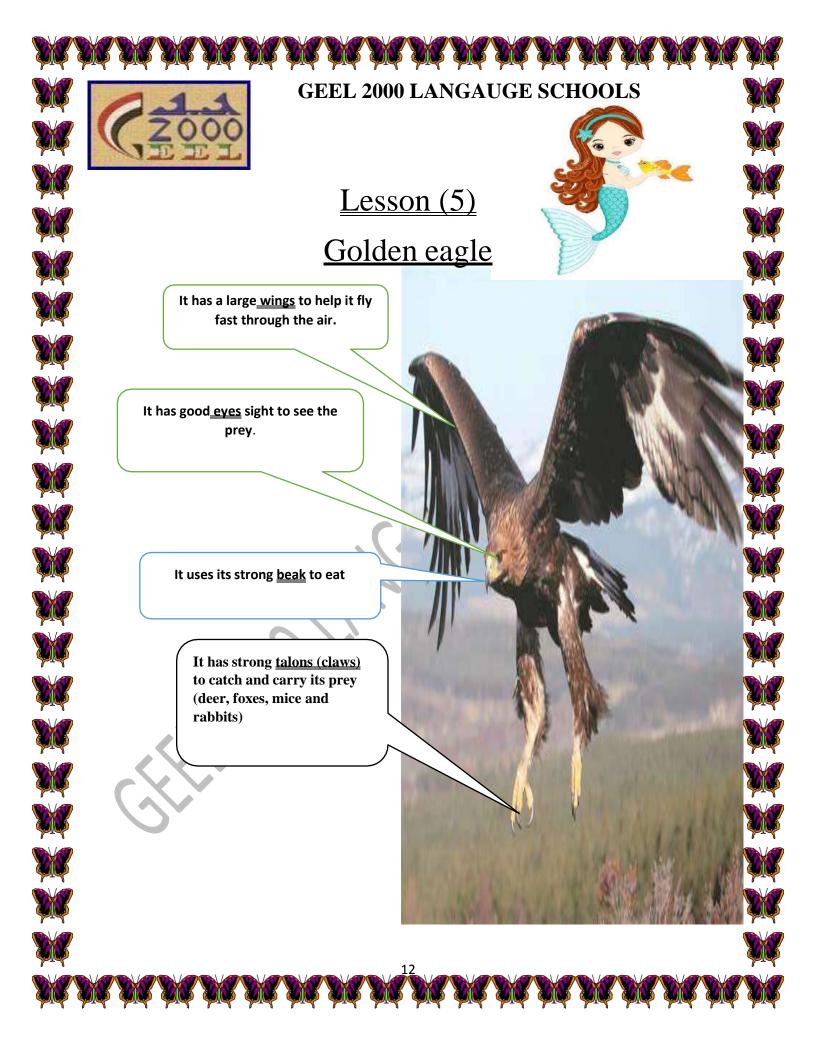
The caracal uses its ears to hear the approaching prey.

*****The frog uses its tongue to catch insects.

The giraffe uses its long neck to reach tall trees.







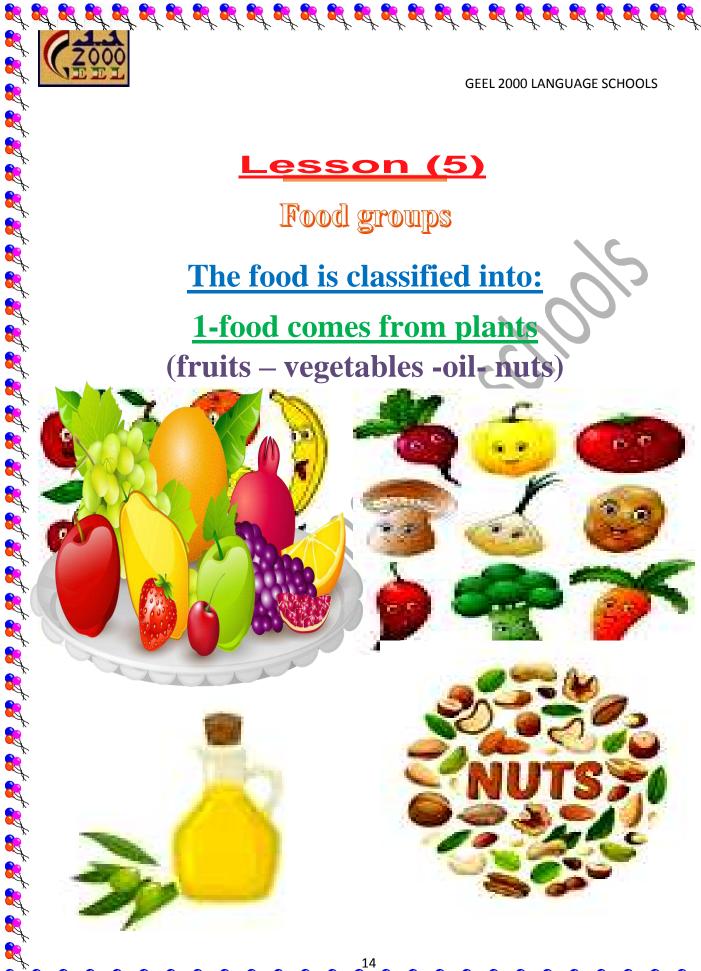






Match each animal to its suitable food





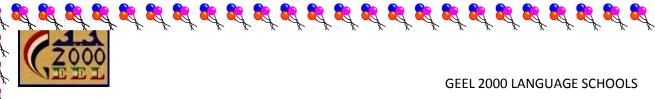
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<u>esson (5)</u>

Food groups

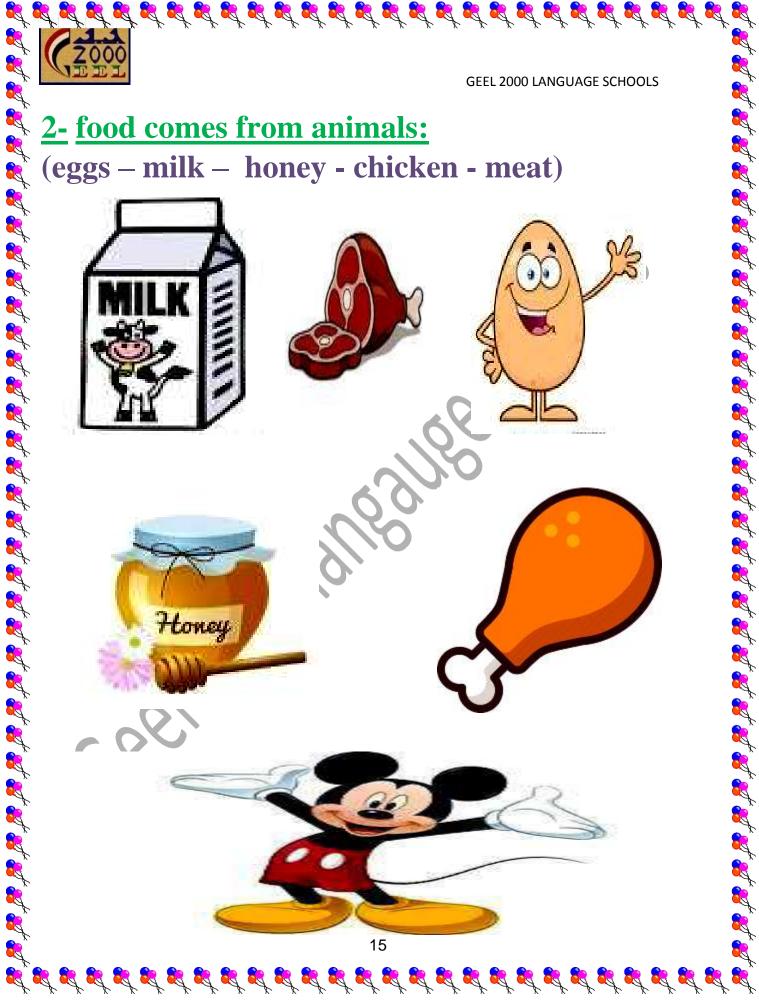
The food is classified into:

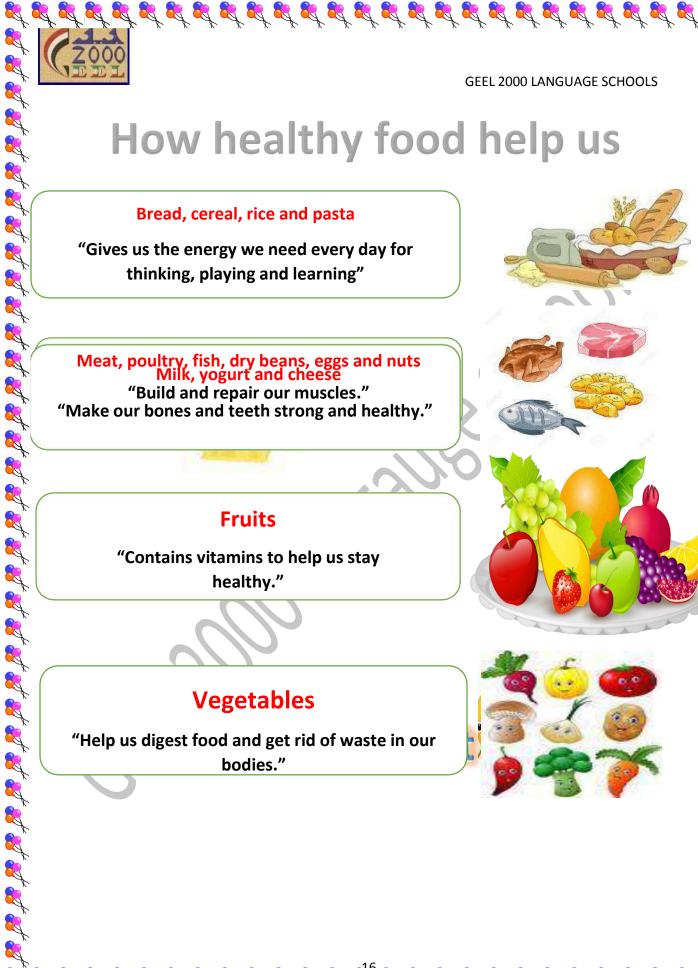
1-food comes from plants (fruits – vegetables -oil- nuts)



8

2- <u>food comes from animals:</u> (eggs – milk – honey - chicken - meat)





How healthy food help us

Bread, cereal, rice and pasta

"Gives us the energy we need every day for thinking, playing and learning"

Meat, poultry, fish, dry beans, eggs and nuts Milk, yogurt and cheese "Build and repair our muscles." "Make our bones and teeth strong and healthy."

Fruits

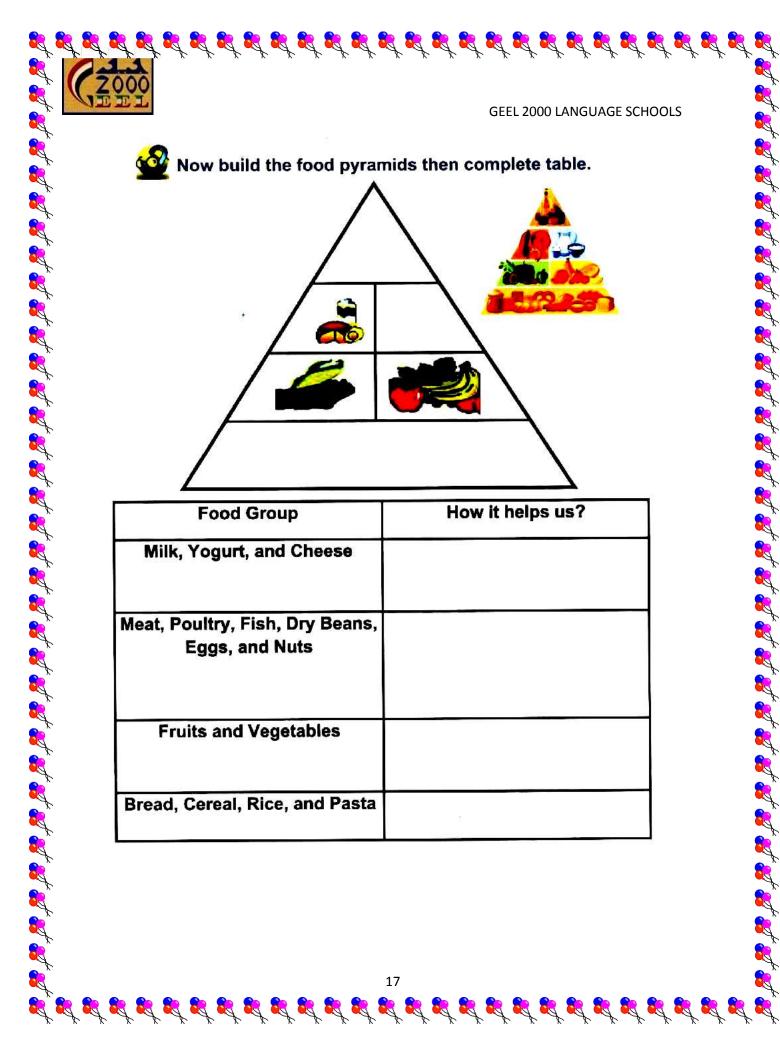
"Contains vitamins to help us stay healthy."

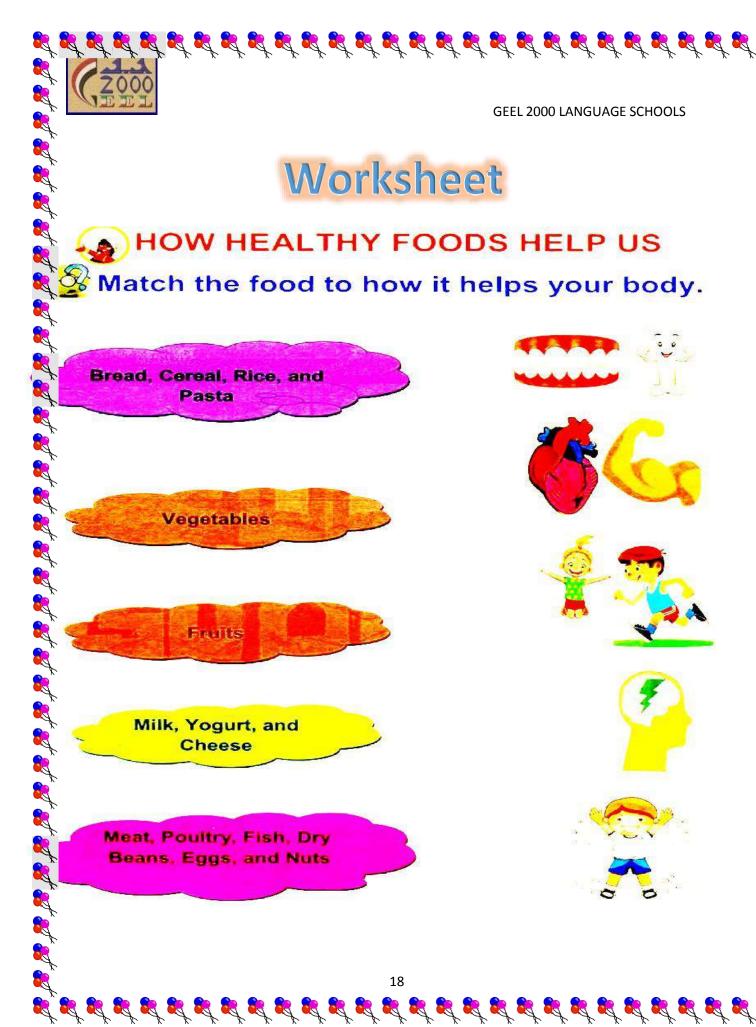
Vegetables

"Help us digest food and get rid of waste in our bodies."











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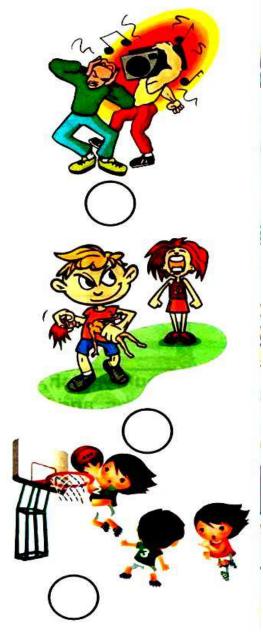
Worksheet

AKING CHOICES

Put ($\sqrt{}$) for what we should do and (X) for what we shouldn't



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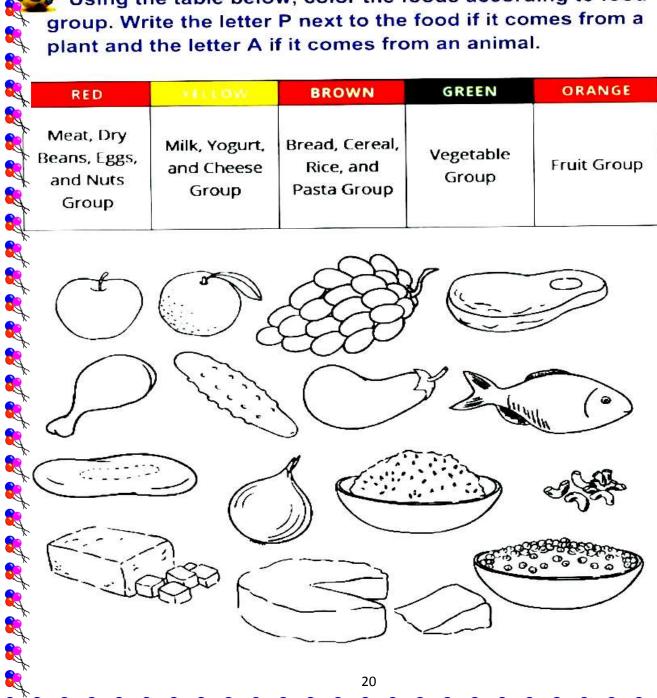
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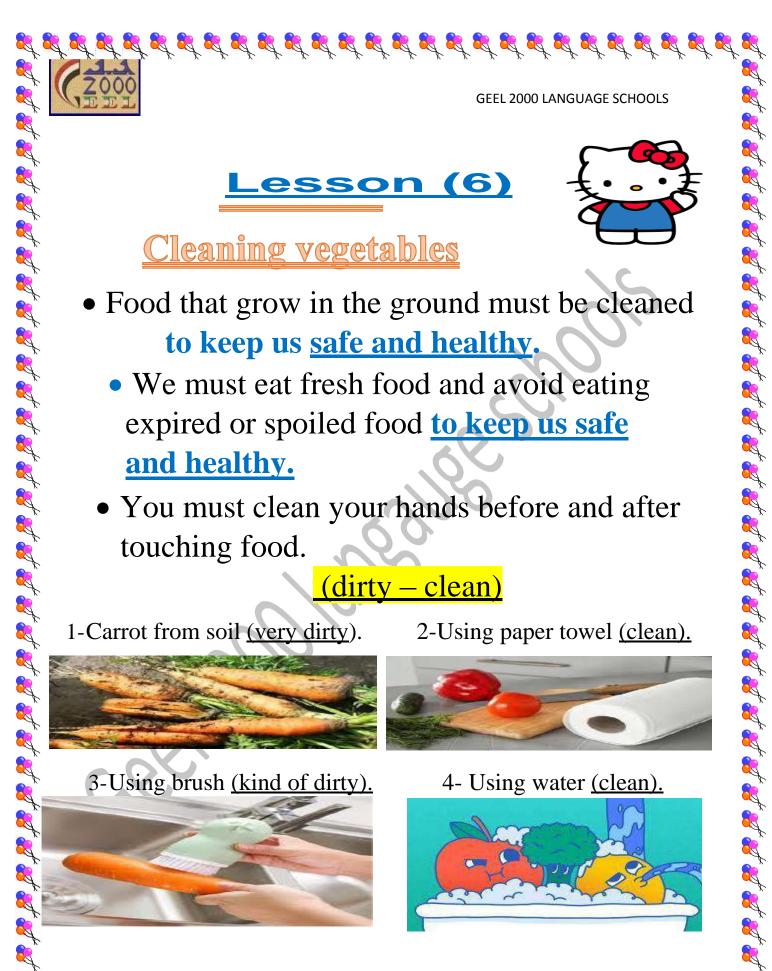
Worksheet

FOOD GROUPS

Using the table below, color the foods according to food group. Write the letter P next to the food if it comes from a plant and the letter A if it comes from an animal.

RED	HLLOW	BROWN	GREEN	ORANGE
Meat, Dry Beans, Eggs, and Nuts Group	Milk, Yogurt, and Cheese Group	Bread, Cereal, Rice, and Pasta Group	Vegetable Group	Fruit Group





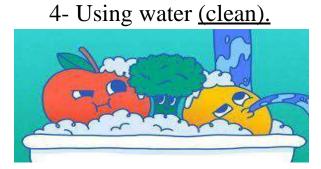
• You must clean your hands before and after touching food.

(dirty – clean)

- 1-Carrot from soil (very dirty).
- 2-Using paper towel (clean).



- 3-Using brush (kind of dirty).



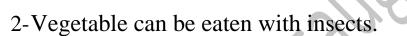


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Worksheet

Put(×) or(✓

1. Vegetables can be eaten without washing.







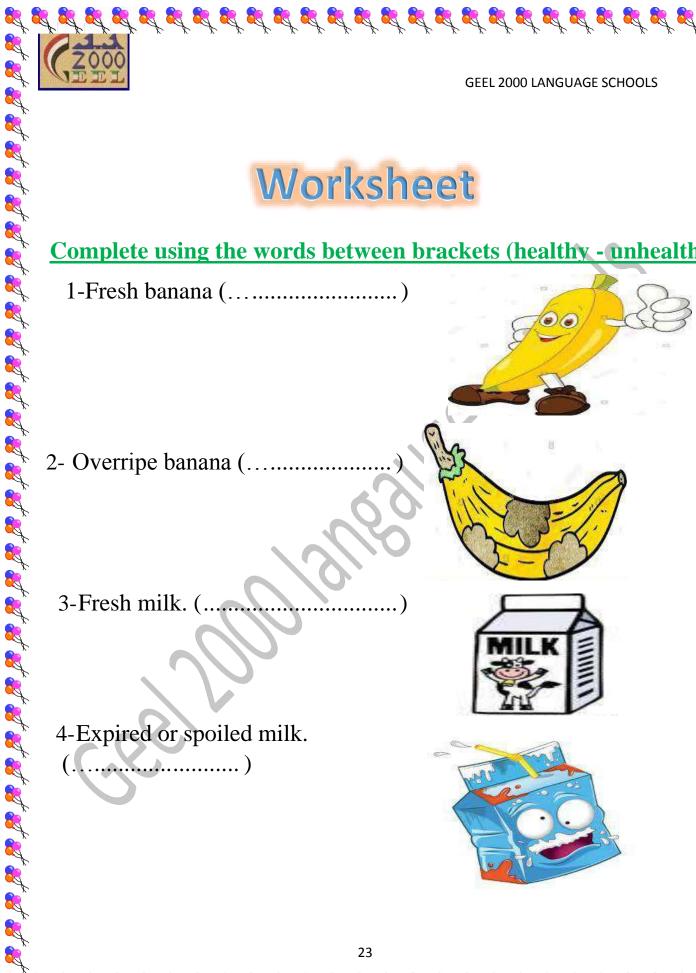
at 2017.



4- Can use the broom to clean vegetables.

5- I can eat this piece of cheese.

R R R R R R R



Worksheet

Complete using the words between brackets (healthy - unhealthy)

1-Fresh banana (.....)

2- Overripe banana (.

3-Fresh milk. (.

4-Expired or spoiled milk. (.)

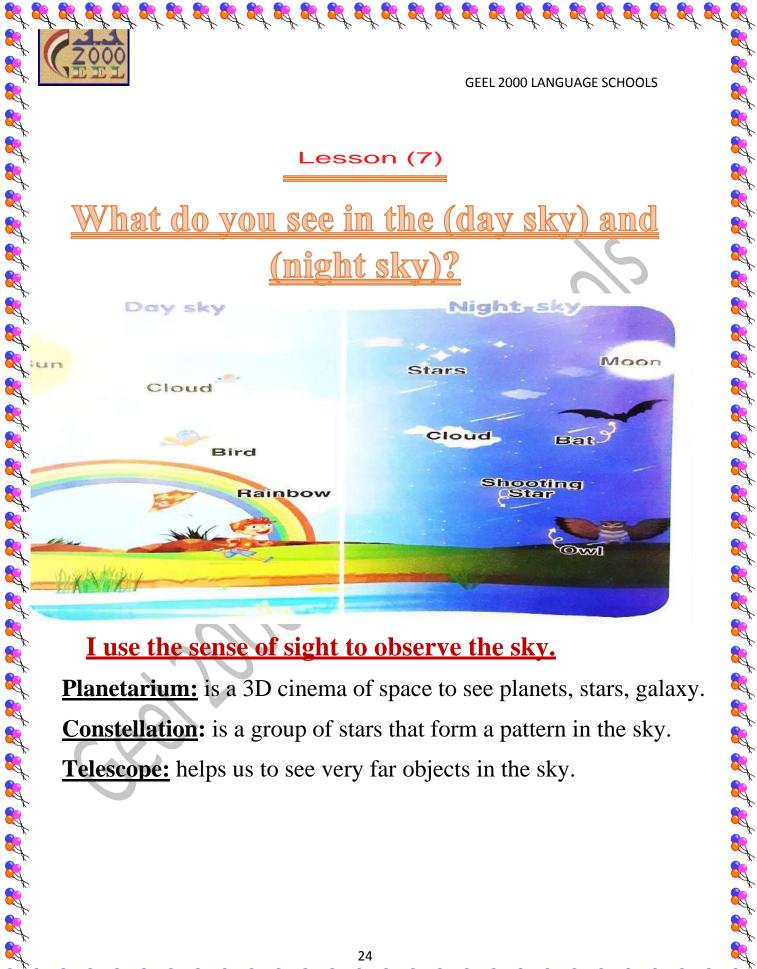




R R R

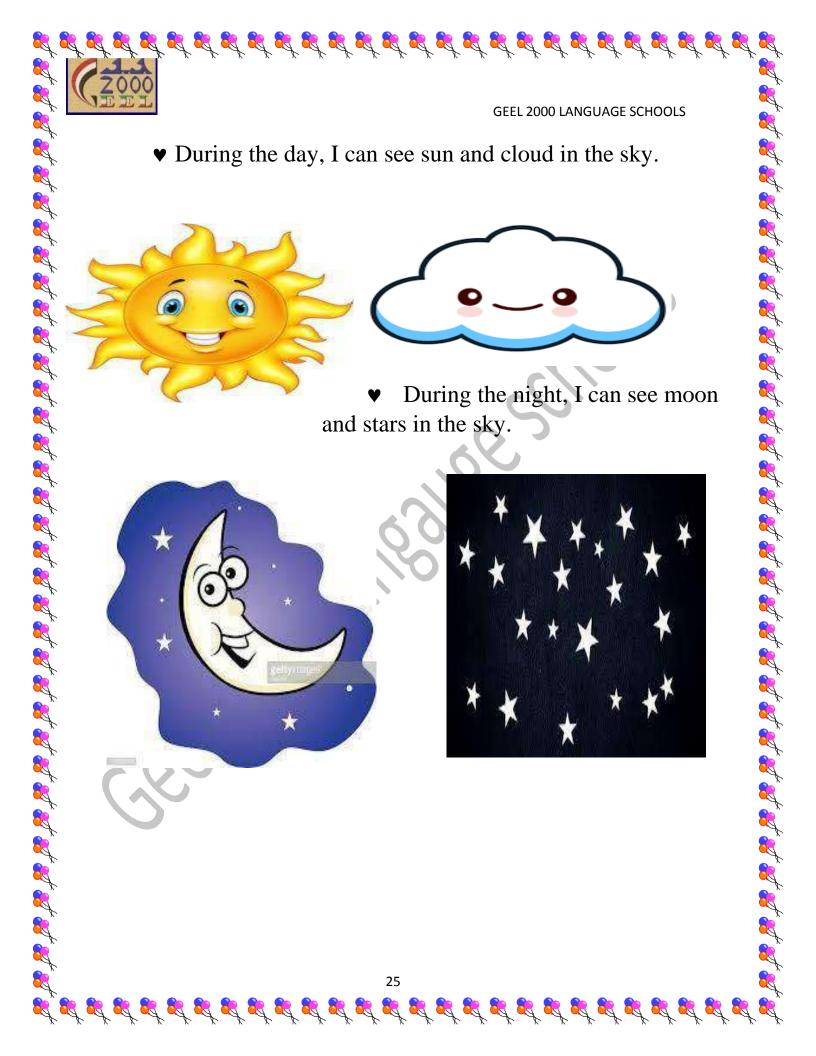
R

R R



I use the sense of sight to observe the sky.

Planetarium: is a 3D cinema of space to see planets, stars, galaxy. **<u>Constellation</u>**: is a group of stars that form a pattern in the sky. **Telescope:** helps us to see very far objects in the sky.





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Worksheet

<u>Match</u>

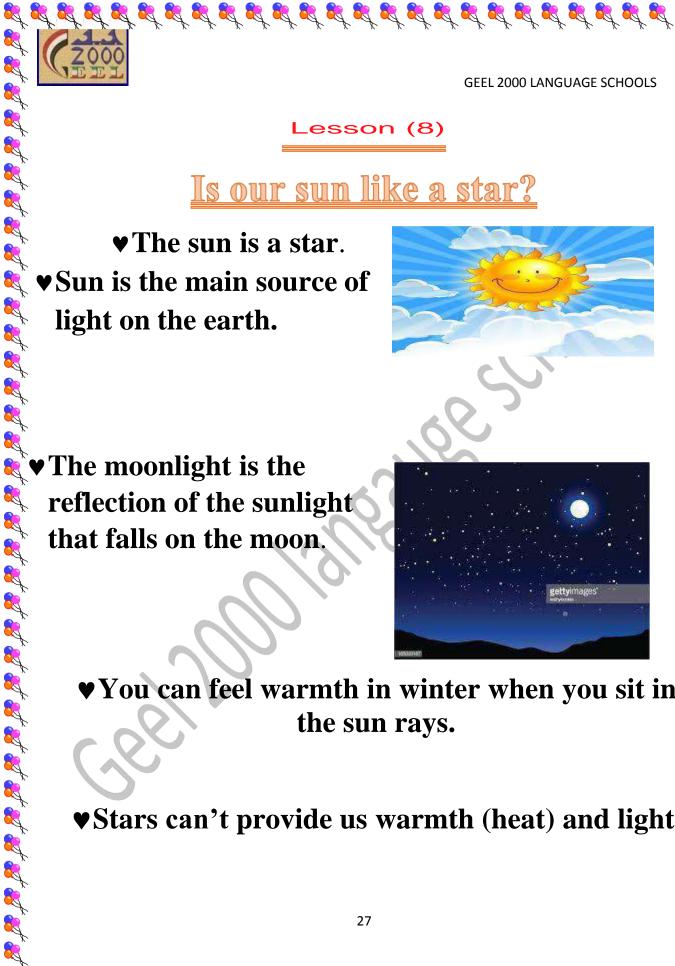
♥ During the day, I can see

During the night, I can see



R

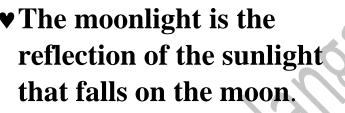




_esson (8)

Is o<u>ur sun like a star?</u>

♥The sun is a star. ▼Sun is the main source of light on the earth.

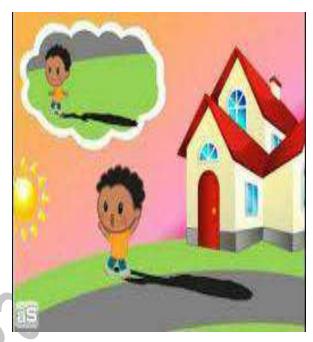




♥You can feel warmth in winter when you sit in the sun rays.

♥Stars can't provide us warmth (heat) and light.

When you look at the ground while walking on a sunny day, you can see a darkened area that represents your body. This is your shadow.



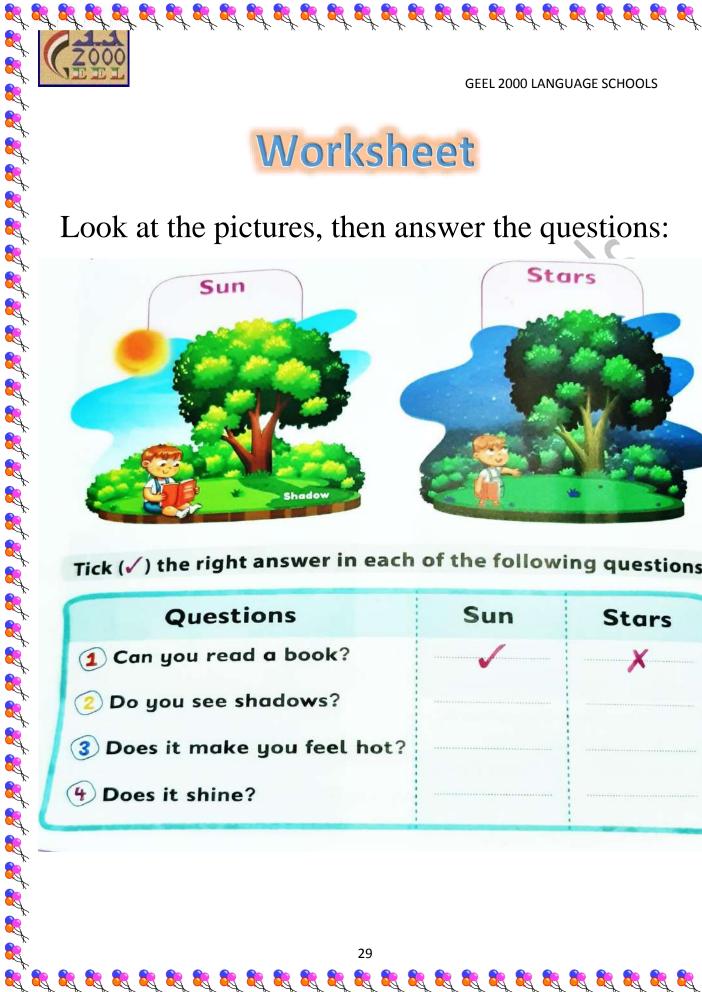
The three elements needed for shadows to happen:

1.A light source.

1.An object blocking the light.

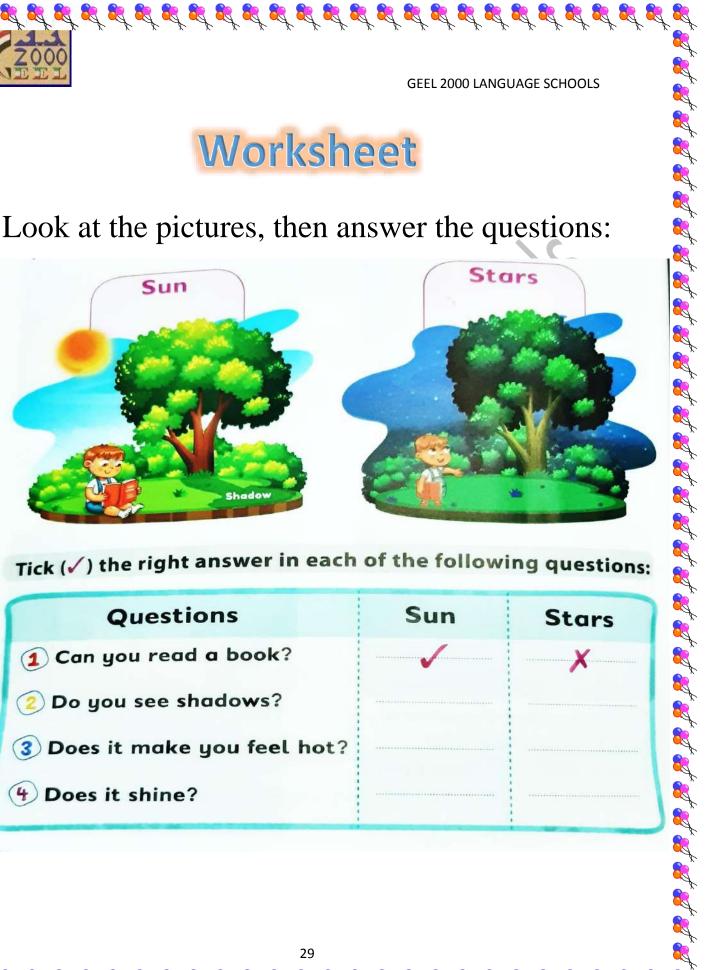
3.A surface opposite to the light source

• The object must be between the light source and the surface for a shadow to appear.



Worksheet

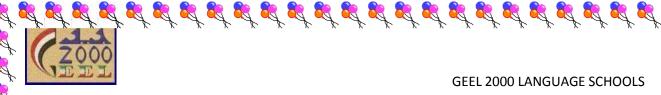
Look at the pictures, then answer the questions:



Tick (✓) the right answer in each of the following questions:

Sun	Stars
	X

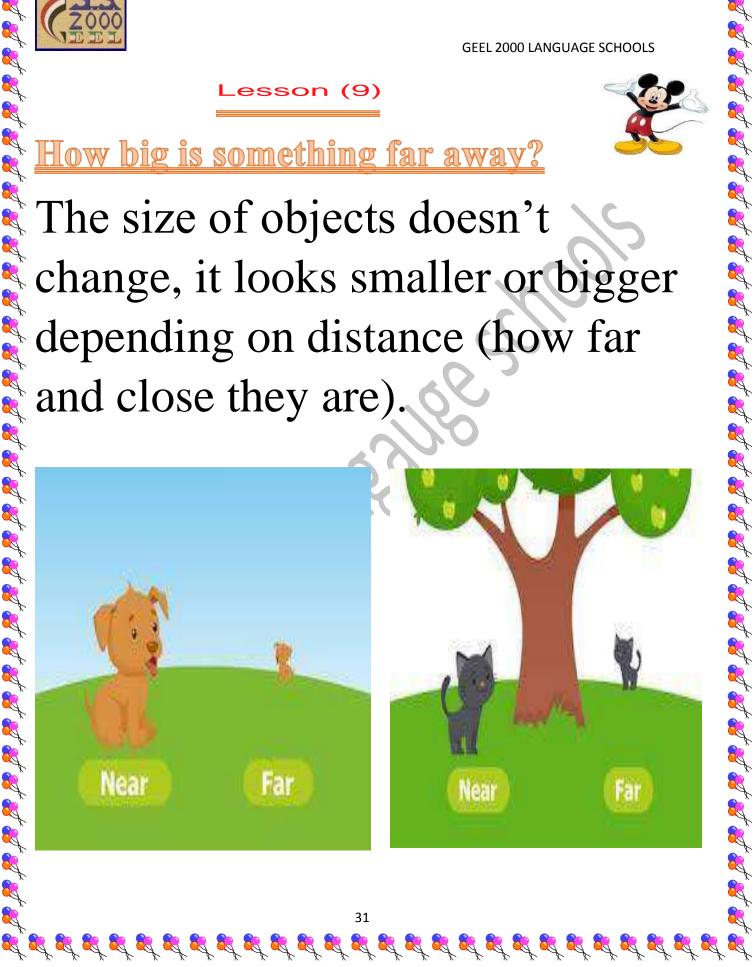




esson (9)

<u>How big is something far away?</u>

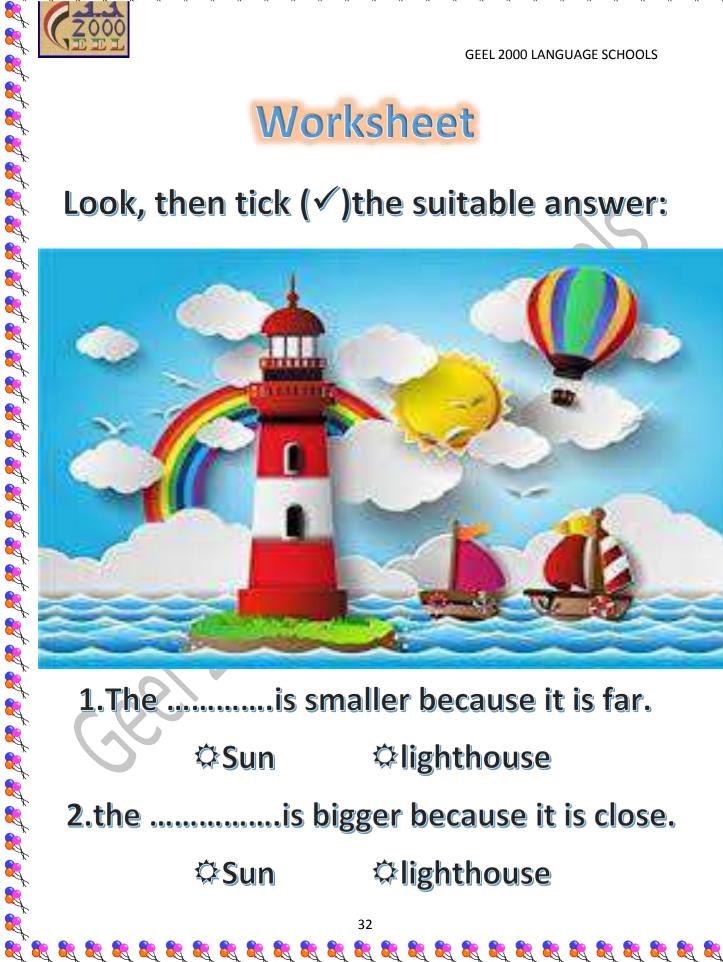
The size of objects doesn't change, it looks smaller or bigger depending on distance (how far and close they are).





Worksheet

Look, then tick (\checkmark)the suitable answer:



.is smaller because it is far. 1.The ... ⇔lighthouse **⇔Sun** 2.theis bigger because it is close. **⇔Sun** *iphthouse*



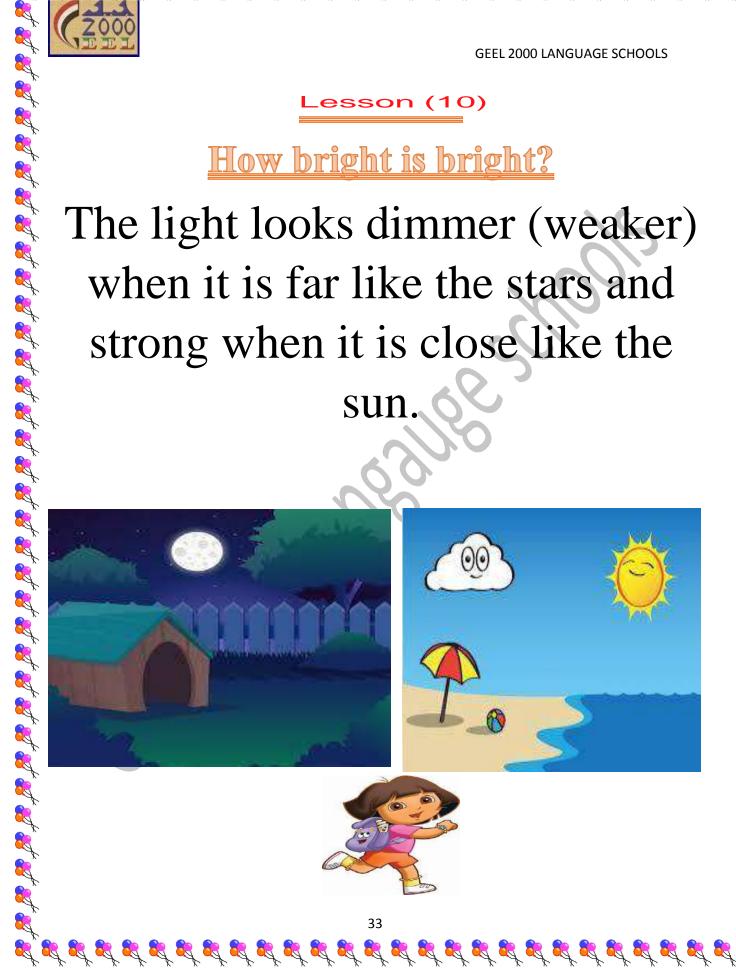
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esson (10)

<u>How bright is bright?</u>

The light looks dimmer (weaker) when it is far like the stars and strong when it is close like the

sun





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-This is **space**.

-The dots and the shapes you see in the picture are not stars, they are galaxies.



-We live in a galaxy called the milky way galaxy.

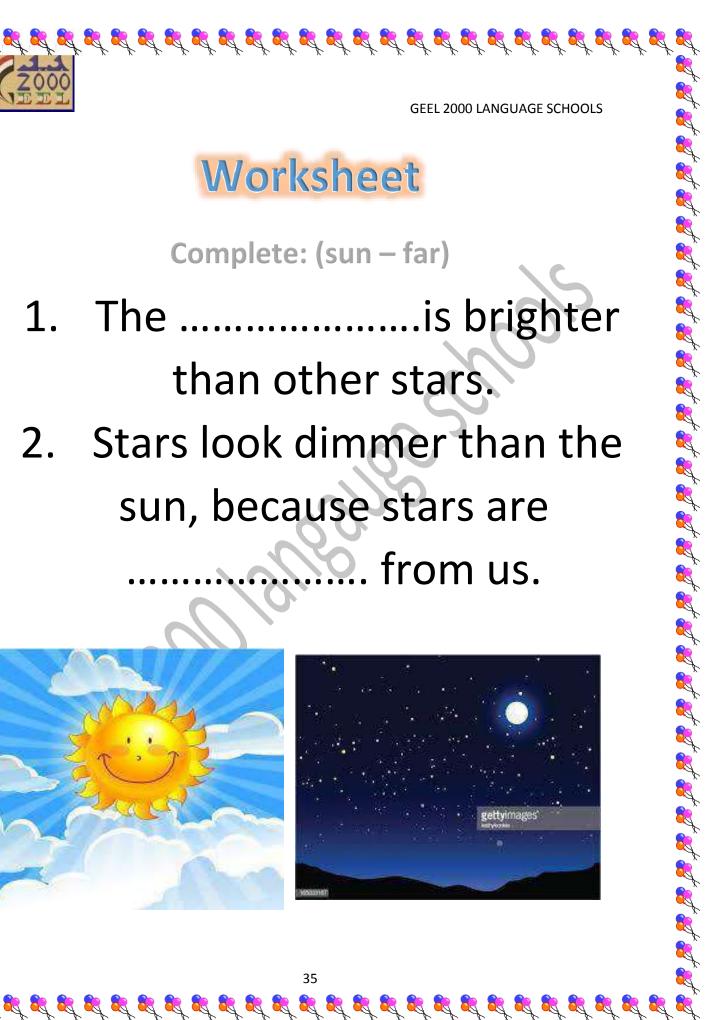
-Galaxy is where sun, Planets and moons exist.



A telescope is used to see stars, planets and moons.



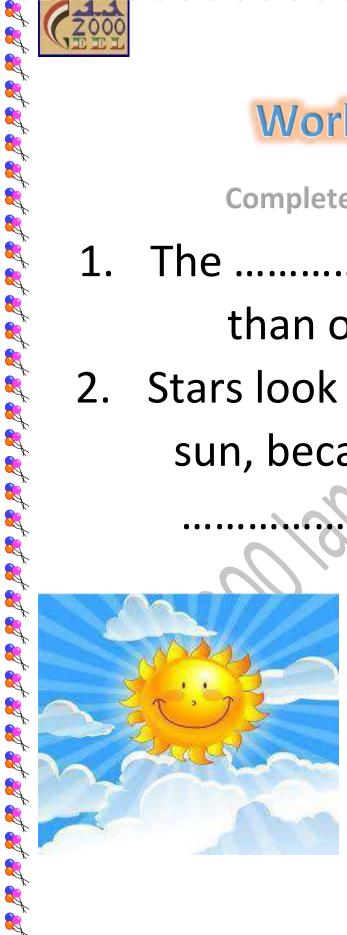




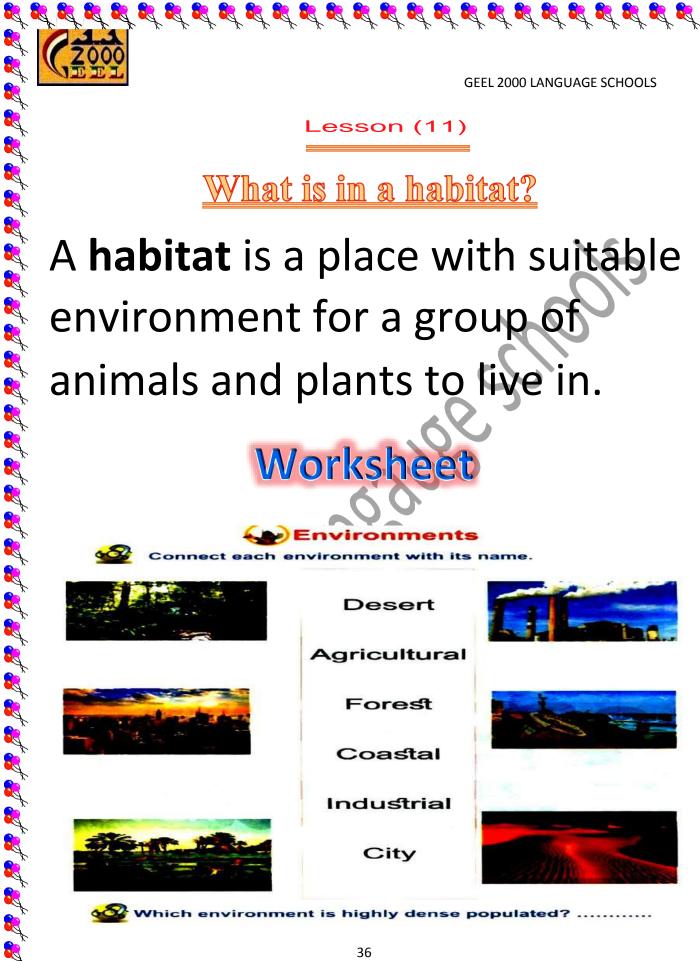
Worksheet

Complete: (sun – far)

- Theis brighter 1. than other stars.
- Stars look dimmer than the 2. sun, because stars are from us.







Lesson (11)

<u>What is in a habitat?</u>

A habitat is a place with suitable environment for a group of animals and plants to live in.

Worksheet





Desert



Agricultural

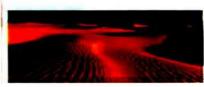
Forest

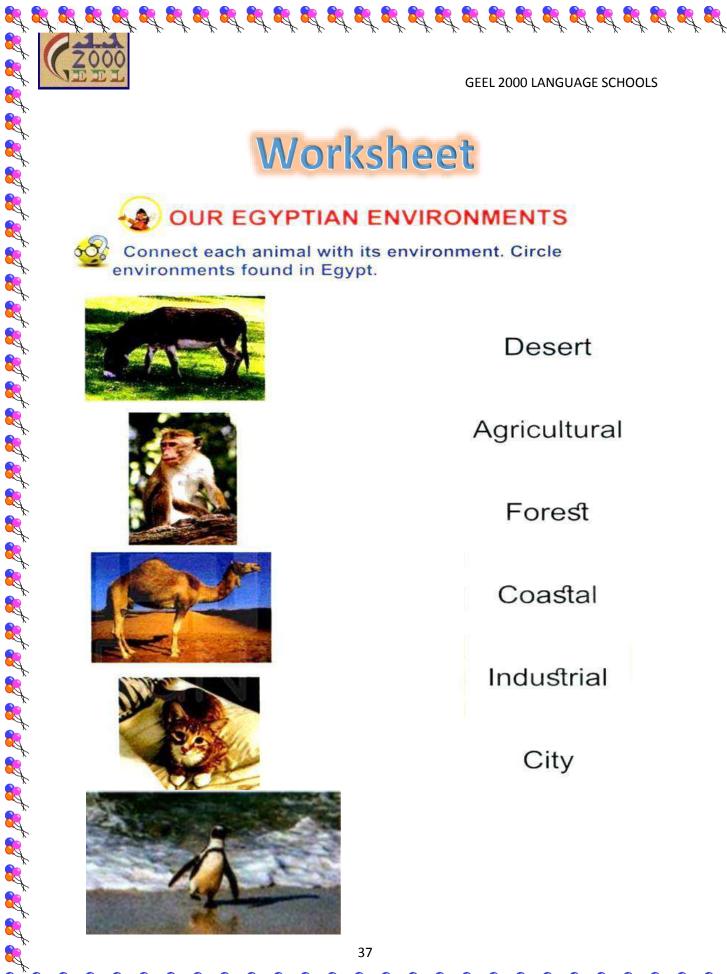
Coastal

Industrial

City







8

Worksheet

OUR EGYPTIAN ENVIRONMENTS

Connect each animal with its environment. Circle environments found in Egypt.











8

Desert

Agricultural

Forest

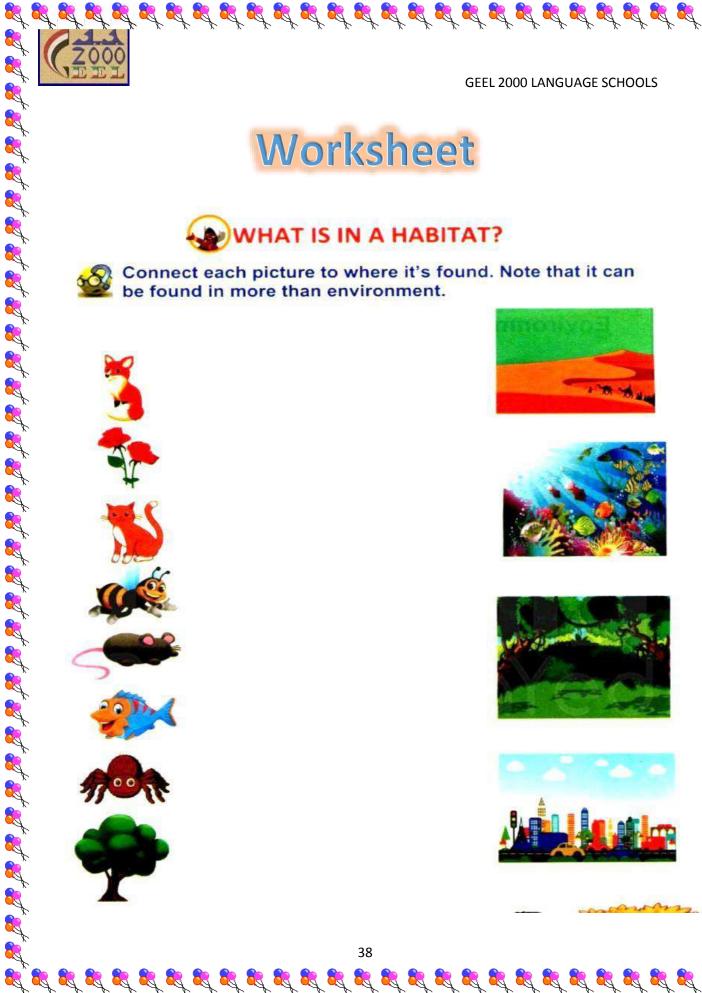
Coastal

Industrial

City

R

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Worksheet

WHAT IS IN A HABITAT?

Connect each picture to where it's found. Note that it can be found in more than environment.



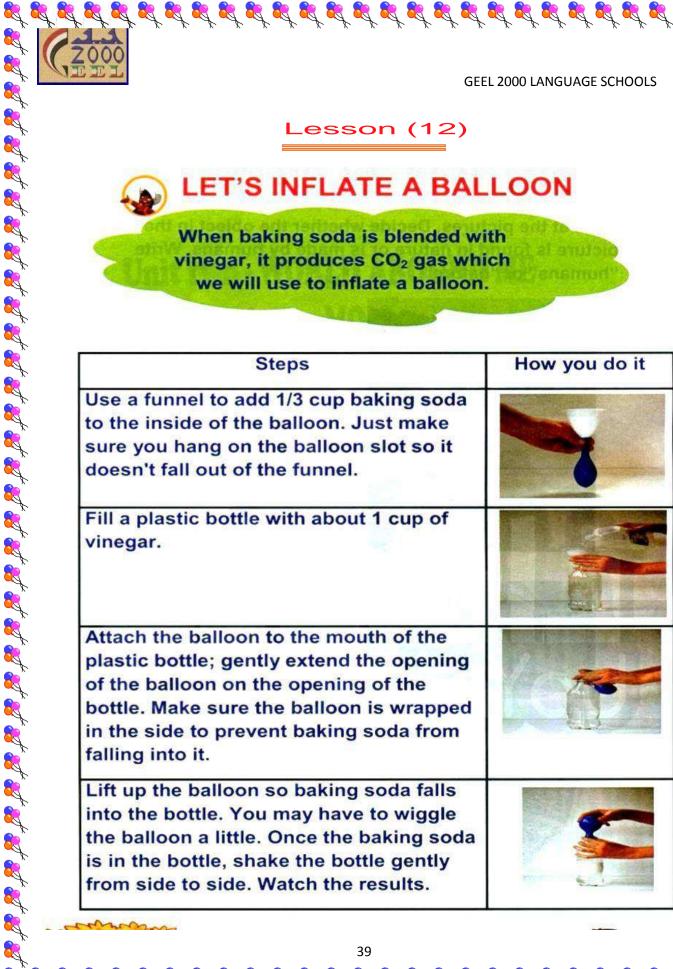






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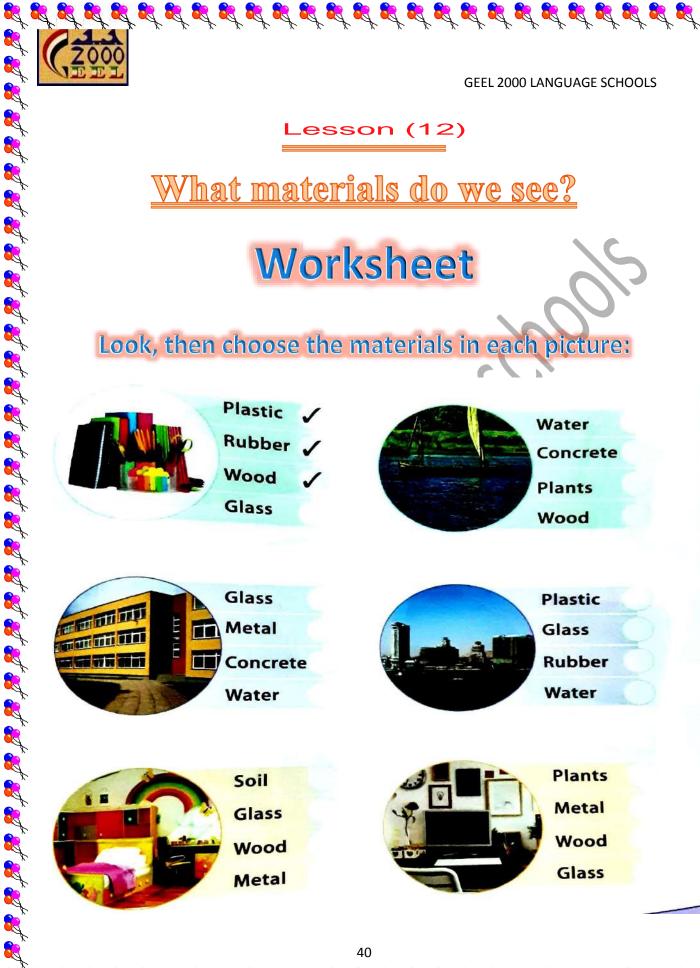
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Lesson (12)

LET'S INFLATE A BALLOON

When baking soda is blended with vinegar, it produces CO₂ gas which we will use to inflate a balloon.

Steps	How you do it
Use a funnel to add 1/3 cup baking soda to the inside of the balloon. Just make sure you hang on the balloon slot so it doesn't fall out of the funnel.	
Fill a plastic bottle with about 1 cup of vinegar.	
Attach the balloon to the mouth of the plastic bottle; gently extend the opening of the balloon on the opening of the bottle. Make sure the balloon is wrapped in the side to prevent baking soda from falling into it.	
Lift up the balloon so baking soda falls into the bottle. You may have to wiggle the balloon a little. Once the baking soda is in the bottle, shake the bottle gently from side to side. Watch the results.	



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esson (12)

<u>What materials do we see?</u>

Worksheet

Look, then choose the materials in each picture:







Soil

Glass

Wood

Metal





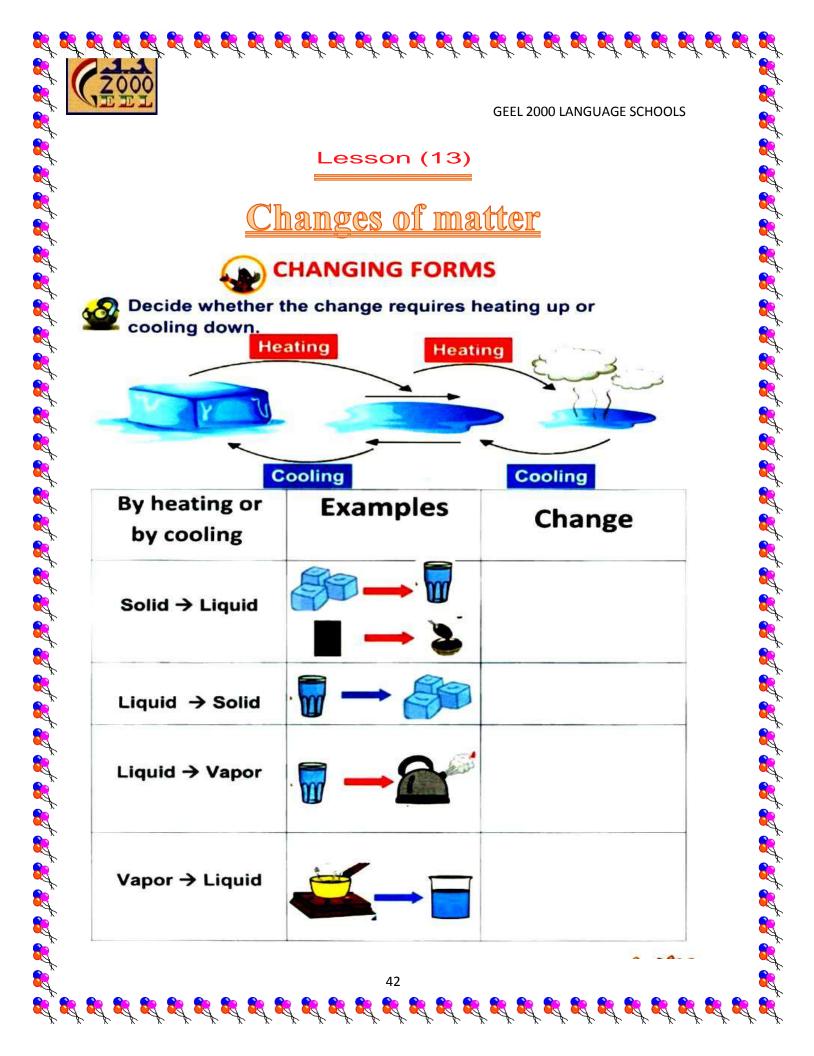


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Worksheet

(sight-smell-taste – touch-hearing)

earing





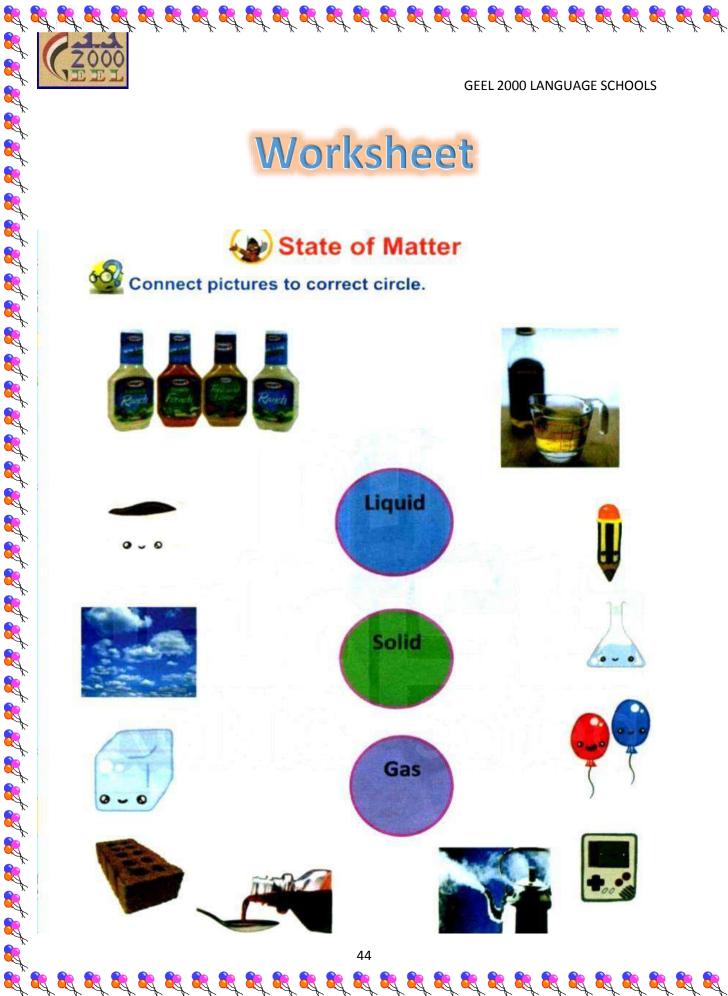
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Worksheet

THREE FORMS OF WATER

Draw lines that connect the words ICE, WATER, and VAPOR/STEAM to the matching pictures and to the correct states of matter (LIQUID, GAS, SOLID).





R

Worksheet



